

Name: Key

Date: _____

Functions and Relations

- ◎ Relation: Any set of input that has an output.
 - ◎ Function: A relation such that every single input has exactly one output.
- **Never repeat the X-values ****

Function Notation:

- ◎ Function notation is a way to name a function. It is pronounced "f of x".
- ◎ $f(x)$ is a fancy way of writing "y" in an equation.
 - Example: $y = 2x + 4$ is the same as $f(x) = 2x + 4$

Combining Functions**Examples:**

1. Given the functions $f(x) = 6x^2 - 3x + 5$ and $g(x) = 4x^2 + 5x - 8$

Find $g(x) - f(x)$

$$\begin{aligned} 4x^2 + 5x - 8 - (6x^2 - 3x + 5) \\ -2x^2 + 8x - 13 \end{aligned}$$

2. Given the functions $f(x) = 6x^2 - x + 3$ and $g(x) = x^2 + 3x$

Find $2f(x) + 3g(x)$

$$2(6x^2 - x + 3) + 3(x^2 + 3x) = 12x^2 - 2x + 6 + 3x^2 + 9x = 15x^2 + 7x + 6$$

3. Given the functions $f(x) = 2x - 4$ and $g(x) = x^2 - 3$

Find $2g(x) \cdot f(x)$

$$2(x^2 - 3) \cdot (2x - 4) \rightarrow 4x^3 - 8x^2 - 12x + 24$$

Given the functions $f(x) = 4x^2 - 2x + 5$ and $g(x) = x^2 + 7x - 8$

4. Find $f(x) + g(x)$

$$5x^2 + 5x - 3$$

5. Find $4g(x) - f(x)$

$$4(x^2 + 7x - 8) - (4x^2 - 2x + 5)$$

$$4x^2 + 28x - 32 - 4x^2 + 2x - 5$$

$$30x - 37$$

Given $f(x) = 5x^2 - 9x + 2$, $g(x) = x^2 + 3x - 8$, $h(x) = -2x^2 + 1$, and $k(x) = 4x - 3$

6. Find $4f(x) + 3g(x)$

$$4(5x^2 - 9x + 2) + 3(x^2 + 3x - 8)$$

$$20x^2 - 36x + 8 + 3x^2 + 9x - 24$$

$$23x^2 - 27x - 16$$

8. Find $h(x) \bullet k(x)$

$$(-2x^2 + 1)(4x - 3)$$

$$-8x^3 + 6x^2 + 4x - 3$$

7. Find $h(x) - f(x)$

$$-2x^2 + 1 - (5x^2 - 9x + 2)$$

$$-7x^2 + 9x - 1$$

10. Find $5f(x) + 7g(x)$

$$5(5x^2 - 9x + 2) + 7(x^2 + 3x - 8)$$

$$25x^2 - 45x + 10 + 7x^2 + 21x - 56$$

$$32x^2 - 24x - 46$$

9. Find $h(3) + g(-4)$

$$-2(3)^2 + 1 + (-4)^2 + 3(-4) - 8$$

$$-18 + 1 + 16 - 12 - 8$$

$$-21$$

12. Find $h(2) - f(-1)$

$$-2(2)^2 + 1 - [5(-1)^2 - 9(-1) + 2]$$

$$= 8 + 1 - [5 + 9 + 2]$$

$$-7 - 16 = -25$$

11. Find $f(x) \bullet 2k(x)$

$$(5x^2 - 9x + 2) \bullet 2(4x - 3)$$

$$(5x^2 - 9x + 2)(8x - 6)$$

$$40x^3 - 30x^2 - 72x^2 + 54x + 16x - 12$$

$$40x^3 - 102x^2$$

$$+ 70x - 12$$

13. Find $3f(x) \bullet h(x)$

$$3(5x^2 - 9x + 2) \bullet (-2x^2 + 1)$$

$$(15x^2 - 27x + 6)(-2x^2 + 1)$$

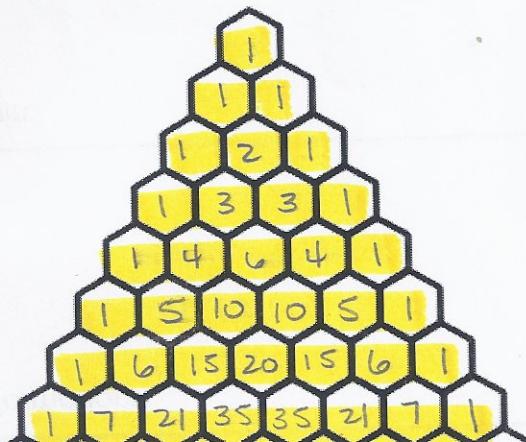
$$-30x^4 + 15x^2 + 54x^3 - 27x - 12x^2 + 6$$

$$-30x^4 + 54x^3 + 3x^2$$

$$-27x + 6$$

Don't Forget:

14. Fill in Pascal's Triangle



15. $(x + 2)^6$

$$\begin{aligned} & 1x^6(2)^0 + \underline{6}x^5(2)^1 + \underline{15}x^4(2)^2 + \\ & + \underline{20}x^3(2)^3 + \underline{15}x^2(2)^4 + \underline{6}x(2)^5 \\ & + 1x^0(2)^6 = \end{aligned}$$

$$x^6 + 12x^5 + 60x^4 + 120x^3 + 120x^2$$

$$+ 192x + 64$$