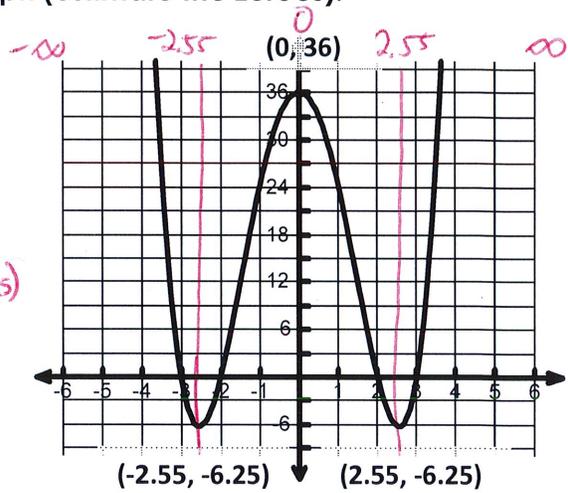


Algebra 2

1. Answer each of the following questions for the graph (estimate the zeroes):

Domain: \mathbb{R}	Range: $[-6.25, \infty)$
Increasing: $(-2.55, 0) \cup (2.55, \infty)$	Decreasing: $(-\infty, -2.55) \cup (0, 2.55)$
x-intercepts: $x = -3, -2, 2, 3$	y-intercept: $(0, 36)$
Rel. Max: $(0, 36)$	Rel. Min: $(-2.55, -6.25) (2.55, -6.25)$
Abs. Max: \emptyset	Abs. Min: $(-2.55, -6.25) (2.55, -6.25)$
End Behavior:	$x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty$ $x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty$
Min. degree <u>4</u>	Sign of leading Coeff. <u>+</u>
Symmetry: <u>Across the y-axis</u>	



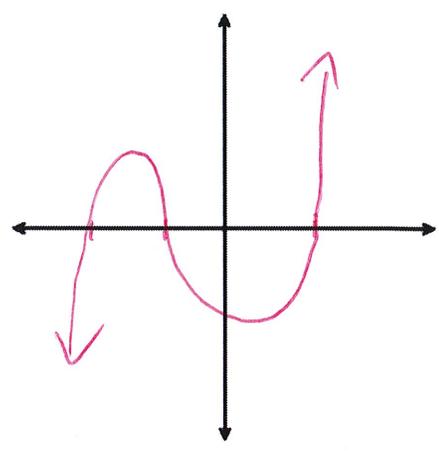
2. Sketch the graph by hand given that the zeroes are -1, -2, and 2. Then, answer each of the following questions for the graph. (Use a graphing calculator to help)

$f(x) = x^3 + x^2 - 4x - 4$

Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: \mathbb{R}

$x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty$
 $x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$

of zeros: 3 # of extrema: 2



3. Determine the end behavior and maximum number of extrema (u-turns):

$f(x) = -3x^4 + 2x^2 - x + 2$ \cap a) $x \rightarrow +\infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$ extrema <u>3</u> $x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$	$f(x) = 2 - 4x^2 - 3x^4 - x^2$ \cap b) $x \rightarrow +\infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$ extrema <u>3</u> $x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$
$f(x) = 7x^4 + 2x^2 - 4x^6$ \cup c) $x \rightarrow +\infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$ extrema <u>5</u> $x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$	$f(x) = -2x^3 - x + 5$ \searrow d) $x \rightarrow +\infty, f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$ extrema <u>2</u> $x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty$

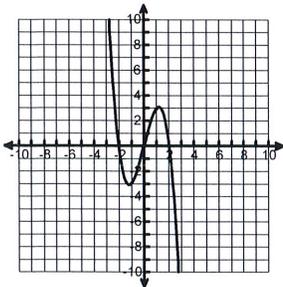
4. State the # of ZEROS and the range for the polynomials:

a) $f(x) = x^2 - 4$
 # of Zeros: 2
 Range: $[-4, \infty)$

b) $h(x) = -5x^3 + 3$
 # of Zeros: 3
 Range: \mathbb{R}

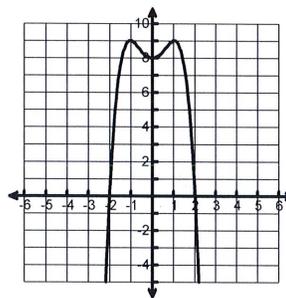
5. State the sign of the leading coefficient & whether the degree is Even or Odd

a)



-
odd

b)



-
even

6. The function $f(x) = 2x^2 - 3x - 10$ has a y-intercept at which of the following points?

a. $(0, -2)$

b. $(0, 10)$

c. $(0, -10)$

d. $(0, 2)$

7. The function $f(x) = 3x - 4x^3 + 2x^2 + 1$ has how many zeros and what is the number of extrema?

a. Zeros: 3 Extrema: 2

c. Zeros: 1 Extrema: 0

b. Zeros: 4 Extrema: 5

d. Zeros: 5 Extrema: 4

8. What is the range for the function $f(x) = x - x^3 - 3$?

a. $(-\infty, -3]$

b. $[-3, \infty)$

c. $[0, -3]$

d. $(-\infty, \infty)$

State the Symmetry (Odd, Even, Neither)

9. $f(x) = x^4 + 2x^3 - 4x^1$

Neither

10. $g(x) = 3x^4 - 2x^2 + 1x^0$

Even

11. $h(x) = x^5 - 3x^3$

Odd

True or False

12. The range of a quartic function is always $(-\infty, \infty)$

False

U

13. Odd Degree Polynomials have an Absolute Max or Absolute Min

False

↗

14. A Quadratic function with a negative leading coefficient will have an Absolute Maximum

True

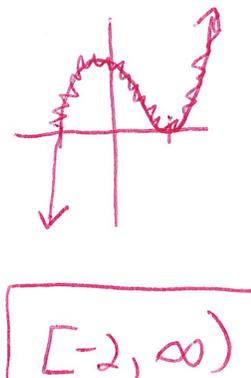
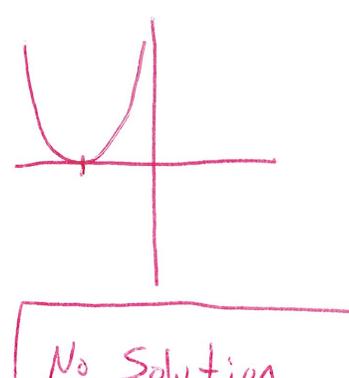
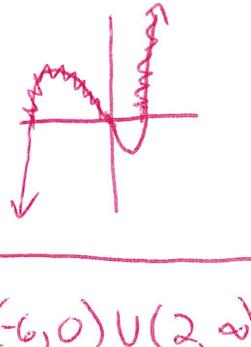
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15. A Cubic Function will have 3 extrema

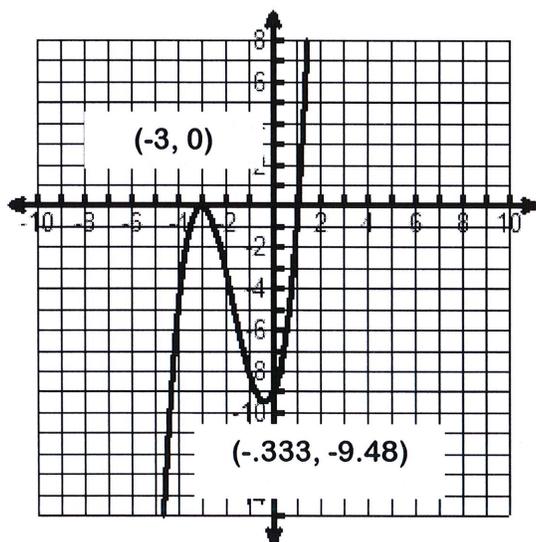
False

∩
∪

Solve the following polynomial inequalities (put final answer in interval notation):

<p>16. $(x^3 - 2x^2 - 4x + 8) \geq 0$</p> <p>$x^2(x-2) - 4(x-2) \geq 0$</p> <p>$(x-2)(x^2 - 4) \geq 0$</p> <p>$(x-2)(x+2)(x-2)$</p> <p>$x = 2, -2, 2$</p> <p>$\star$</p>  <p>$[-2, \infty)$</p>	<p>17. $x^2 + 6x < -9$</p> <p>$x^2 + 6x + 9 < 0$</p> <p>$(x+3)(x+3) < 0$</p> <p>$x = -3, -3$</p>  <p>No Solution</p>
<p>18. $x^3 + 4x^2 > 12x$</p> <p>$x^3 + 4x^2 - 12x > 0$</p> <p>$x(x^2 + 4x - 12) > 0$</p> <p>$x(x+6)(x-2) > 0$</p> <p>$x = 0, -6, 2$</p>  <p>$(-6, 0) \cup (2, \infty)$</p>	<p>19. $x^4 - 5x^2 + 4 \leq 0$</p> <p>$(x^2 - 4)(x^2 - 1) \leq 0$</p> <p>$(x+2)(x-2)(x+1)(x-1) \leq 0$</p> <p>$x = -2, 2, -1, 1$</p>  <p>$[-2, -1] \cup [1, 2]$</p>

20. Answer each of the following questions for the graph (estimate the zeroes):



Domain: \mathbb{R}	Range: \mathbb{R}
Increasing: $(-\infty, -3) \cup (-3.333, \infty)$	Decreasing: $(-3, -3.333)$
x-intercepts: $x = -3, -3, 1$	y-intercept: $(0, -9)$
Rel. Max: $(-3, 0)$	Rel. Min: $(-3.333, -9.48)$
Abs. Max: \emptyset	Abs. Min: \emptyset
End Behavior: $x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty$ $x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow \infty$	
Min. degree: 3	Sign of leading Coeff.: +
Symmetry? None	