

1. Does  $f(x) = \frac{x^3 - 2x^2 + 3}{x^2 - 1}$  have a slant asymptote? Where?

$$\begin{array}{r} -1 \phantom{0} \\ 1 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \hline 1 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ -2 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \hline 1 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ -1 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \hline 3 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ -3 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \hline 0 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -1 \phantom{0} \\ 1 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \hline 1 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ -3 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \hline 1 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ -2 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \hline 3 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ -2 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \hline 1 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \end{array}$$

Yes  $y = x - 2$

2. Write a rational function with Vertical Asymptotes at  $x = 2$  and  $x = -3$  and a horizontal asymptote at  $y = 0$  and an x-intercept at  $(4, 0)$

$$\frac{(x-4)}{(x-2)(x+3)}$$

$$y = \frac{x-4}{(x-2)(x+3)}$$

3. What is the coordinates of the hole for the function  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 4}{x^2 + 2x - 8}$

$$\frac{x^2 - 4}{x^2 + 2x - 8} = \frac{(x-2)(x+2)}{(x+4)(x-2)} = \frac{x+2}{x+4}$$

Hole at  $(2, 2/3)$

4. What are the x-int, y-int, vertical asymptote and horizontal asymptote

$$g(x) = \frac{(x-3)(x+2)}{(x+2)(x+1)}$$

x-int:  $(3, 0)$

y-int:  $(0, -3)$

VA:  $x = -1$

HA:  $y = 1$

5. What is the slant asymptote for  $g(x) = \frac{x^2 - 9x + 20}{x + 4}$ ?

$$\frac{x-4}{x-5}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -4 \phantom{0} \\ 1 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \hline 1 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ -9 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \hline 1 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ -4 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \hline 20 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ -20 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \\ \hline 0 \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \phantom{0} \end{array}$$

$y = x - 13$

6. Use problem #5 to find its x-intercepts and y-intercepts

x-int:  $(4, 0), (5, 0)$  y-int:  $(0, 5)$

$$7. f(x) = \frac{x+4}{x^2-x-20}$$

Domain:  $\mathbb{R}$  except  $x = -4, 5$

Range:  $\mathbb{R}$  except  $y = -1/9, 0$

Vertical Asymptote:  $x = 5$

Horizontal Asymptote:  $y = 0$

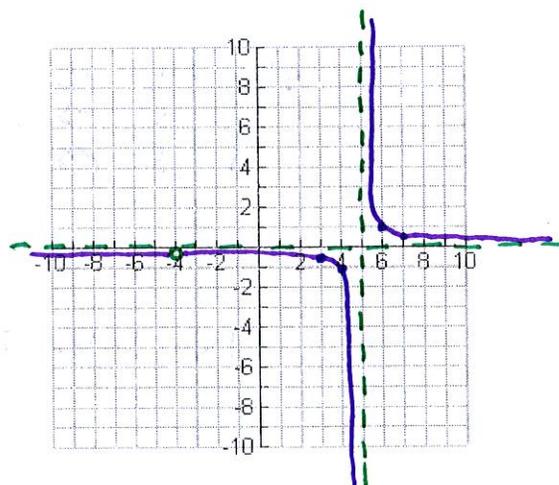
Slant Asymptote: None

Holes:  $(-4, -1/9)$

x-int: None y-int:  $(0, -1/5)$

INC: None

DEC:  $(-\infty, -4) \cup (-4, 5) \cup (5, \infty)$



8.  $f(x) = \frac{2x-5}{x+4}$

Domain:  $\mathbb{R}$  except  $x = -4$

Range:  $\mathbb{R}$  except  $y = 2$

Vertical Asymptote:  $x = -4$

Horizontal Asymptote:  $y = 2$

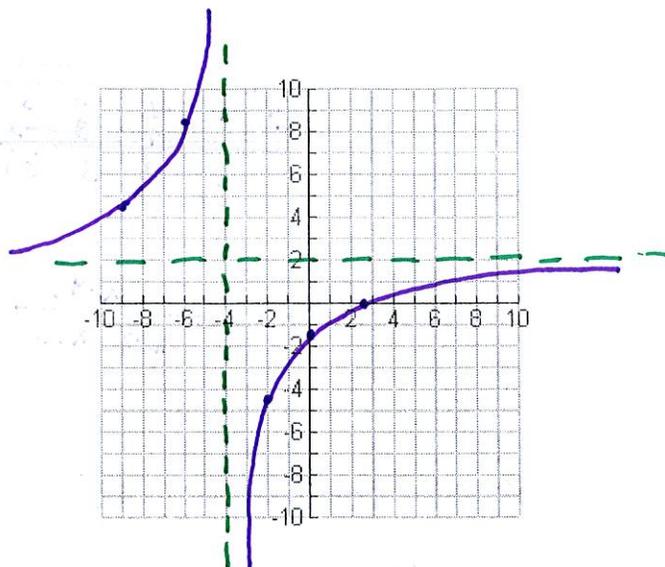
Slant Asymptote: None

Holes: None

x-int:  $(2.5, 0)$  y-int:  $(0, -1.25)$

INC:  $(-\infty, -4) \cup (-4, \infty)$

DEC: None



9. Write a rational function that has a Vertical Asymptote at  $x = -3$  and Horizontal Asymptote at  $y = 4$ .

$$f(x) = \frac{4x}{x+3}$$

10. Write a rational function that has Vertical Asymptotes at  $x = 1$  and  $x = 2$  and a Horizontal Asymptote at  $y = 2$ .

$$f(x) = \frac{2x^2}{(x-1)(x-2)}$$

11. Find all the Asymptotes of  $g(x) = \frac{x^2 + 4x - 5}{x + 1}$

VA:  $x = -1$

HA: None

Slant:  $y = x + 3$

$$\begin{array}{r} -1 \overline{) 1 \quad 4 \quad -5} \\ \underline{1 \quad 3 \quad -8} \\ \phantom{1} \phantom{4} \phantom{-5} \end{array}$$

12. Did #11 have any holes?  
If so, where is the hole?

No holes in #11



13. Find all the Asymptotes of  $h(x) = \frac{2x^2 + 4x}{x^2 + 5x + 6}$

~~2x(x+2)~~  
~~(x+3)(x+2)~~

VA:  $x = -3$   
HA:  $y = 2$   
Slant: None

14. Did #13 have any holes? If so, where is the hole?

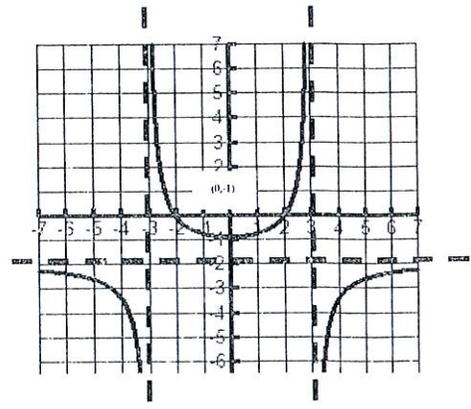
Hole @  $(-2, -4)$

15. What is the x-intercept and y-intercept for  $h(x) = \frac{2x - 9}{(x + 3)(x - 1)}$

x-int:  $(4.5, 0)$   
y-int:  $(0, 3)$

16. Find horizontal and vertical asymptotes of the rational function, Domain, range, increasing intervals and decreasing intervals

HA:  $y = -2$  VA:  $x = \pm 3$   
X-int:  $(-2, 0)$  Y-int:  $(0, -1)$   
 $(2, 0)$



17. Given  $g(x) = \frac{x^2 - 9}{3x^2 + 9x}$ , A. explain what is occurring at  $x = -3$ ? B. What are the asymptotes?

~~$x-3$~~   ~~$x+3$~~   
 ~~$3x(x+3)$~~

a. Hole  $(-3, 2/3)$

b. VA:  $x = 0$   
HA:  $y = 1/3$



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